

A₁
(c) performing filtering by replacing a central pixel value with a predetermined pixel value determined by pixel values of pixels in the groups.

Sub B₁ >
A₂
3. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 1, [before the step (b),] further comprising the step, prior to step (b), of removing pixels having a color distance difference [in color distance from the central pixel] greater than or equal to a predetermined threshold[, with respect to] for a predetermined number of pixels at [the] a beginning and latter parts [among] of the sorted pixels.

Sub B₁ >
A₃
5. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 2, [before the step (b),] further comprising the step, prior to step (b), of removing pixels having a color distance difference [in color distance from the central pixel] greater than or equal to a predetermined threshold[, with respect to] for a predetermined number of pixels at [the] a beginning and latter parts [among] of the sorted pixels.

Sub B₁ >
A₄
11. The color image processing method according to claim 1, wherein the step (b) comprises the sub-steps of:

(b-1) [setting] selecting a first group consisting of 0th through (i- 1)th pixels, and a second group consisting of ith through Kth pixels, wherein i is an integer from through K and $K=L^2-1$;

(b-2) obtaining [the] respective averages of [the] color distance differences for pixels of the first and second groups [by the following Expressions] as follows:

$$a_1(i) = \frac{1}{i} \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} d_j(n) \quad \text{and} \quad a_2(i) = \frac{1}{K+1-i} \sum_{j=i}^K d_j(n);$$

(b-3) obtaining the respective variances of [the] color distance differences for pixels of the first and second groups [are obtained by the following Expressions] as follows:

$$S_1^2(i) = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} |d_j(n) - a_1(i)|^2 \quad \text{and} \quad S_2^2(i) = \sum_{j=1}^K |d_j(n) - a_2(i)|^2 ;$$

(b-4) calculating a value $J(i)$ [by the following Expression] as follows, using the obtained average and variance:

$$J(i) = \frac{|a_1(i) - a_2(i)|^2}{S_1^2(i) + S_2^2(i)} ; \text{ and}$$

(b-5) obtaining [the] a value of i which makes $J(i)$ maximum [by the following Expression] as follows:

$$m(n) = \arg \{ \max_i J(i) \}$$

and selecting pixels ranging from a pixel having a small color distance to a pixel having the obtained value of i to determine [the same] a size $m(n)$ [as] a peer group $P(n)$.

12. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 11, [after the step (b-5),] further comprising, after step (b-5), the steps of:

selecting i pixels ranging from [the] a pixel having [the] a minimum color distance among the pixels sorted according to the color distance from the central pixel and setting [the] a

largest value of the color distances of the selected pixels as [the] a maximum color distance within the peer group; and

performing color quantization by weighting [the] color vectors of [the] respective pixels by $\exp(-T(n))$, wherein $T(n)$ is the maximum color distance within the peer group.

13. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 11, [after the step (b-5),] further comprising, after step (b-5), the steps of:

selecting i pixels ranging from [the] a pixel having [the] a minimum color distance among the pixels sorted according to the color distance from the central pixel and setting [the] a largest value of the color distances of the selected pixels as [the] a maximum color distance within the peer group; and

obtaining [the] an average of $T(n)$ values of [the] a whole image and performing color quantization using a value obtained by multiplying the average value of $T(n)$ with a predetermined constant to determine a [as the] number of clusters, wherein $T(n)$ is the maximum color distance within the peer group.

14. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 11, [after the step (b-5),] further comprising, after the step (b-5), the steps of:

selecting pixels whose number corresponds to the size of the peer group, ranging from [the] a pixel having [the] a minimum color distance among the pixels sorted according to the color distance from the central pixel and setting [the] a largest value of the color distances of the selected pixels as [the] a maximum color distance within the peer group; and

weighting [the] color vectors of the respective pixels by $\exp(-T(n))$, wherein $T(n)$ is the maximum color distance within the peer group, and performing color quantization using a value obtained by multiplying [the] an average of [the] $T(n)$ values of [the] a whole image with a predetermined constant, to determine a [as the] number of clusters.

15. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 11, wherein the step (c) includes replacing [the] a central pixel $X_0(n)$ with a new pixel $X'_0(n)$ [by the following Expression] as follows:

$$X'_0(m) = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{m(n)-1} W_i p_i(n)}{\sum_{i=0}^{m(n)-1} W_i}$$

where $p_i(n)$ are [the] pixels constituting the peer group and W_i are predetermined weights corresponding to $p_i(n)$.

16. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 1, wherein the step (c) includes replacing [the] a color vector of the central pixel with an average color vector value weighted by a predetermined weight that is larger for a pixel closer to the central pixel and is smaller for a pixel distant from the central pixel.

18. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of performing color quantization by weighting [the] color vectors of the respective pixels by $\exp(-T(n))$, wherein $T(n)$ is [the] a maximum color distance within one group.

19. (Amended) A color image processing method comprising the steps of:

(a) receiving a color image frame and segmenting the same into a plurality of color images by a predetermined segmentation method;

(b) sorting image pixels according to [the] a color distance between the image pixels and a central pixel, with respect to an image selected among the segmented color images;

(c) grouping the sorted pixels into groups in which [the] a difference in [the] an intragroup color distance is minimum and [the] a difference in [the] an intergroup color difference is maximum; and

(d) performing filtering by replacing a central pixel value with a predetermined pixel value determined by pixel values of pixels in the groups.

21. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 19, [before the step (b)], further comprising, before the step (b), the step of removing pixels having a color distance difference [in the color distance from the central pixel] greater than or equal to a predetermined threshold, [with respect to] for a predetermined number of pixels at [the] a beginning and latter parts [among] of the sorted pixels.

29. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 19, wherein the step (b) comprises the sub-steps of:

(b-1) [setting] selecting a first group consisting of 0th through (i-1)th pixels, and a second group consisting of ith through Kth pixels, wherein i is an integer from 0 through K and $K=L^2-1$;

(b-2) obtaining [the] respective averages of the color distance differences for pixels of the first and second groups [by the following Expressions] as follows:

$$a_1(i) = \frac{1}{i} \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} d_j(n) \quad \text{and} \quad a_2(i) = \frac{1}{K+1-i} \sum_{j=i}^K d_j(n);$$

(b-3) obtaining [the] respective variances of [the] color distance differences for pixels of the first and second groups are obtained [by the following Expressions] as follows:

$$S_1^2(i) = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} |d_j(n) - a_1(i)|^2 \quad \text{and} \quad S_2^2(i) = \sum_{j=i}^K |d_j(n) - a_2(i)|^2;$$

(b-4) calculating a value $J(i)$ [by the following Expression] as follows, using the obtained average and variance:

$$J(i) = \frac{|a_1(i) - a_2(i)|^2}{s_1^2(i) + s_2^2(i)} ; \text{ and}$$

(b-5) obtaining [the] a value of i which makes $J(i)$ maximum [by the following Expression] as follows:

$$m(n) = \arg \{ \max_i J(i) \}$$

and selecting pixels ranging from a pixel having a small color distance to a pixel having the obtained value of i to [be determined] determine a size $m(n)$ of [as] a peer group $P(n)$.

30. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 19, wherein the step (c) includes replacing [the] a color vector of the central pixel with an average color vector value weighted by a predetermined weight that is larger for a pixel closer to the central pixel and is smaller for a pixel distant from the central pixel.

32. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 19, wherein the step (c) includes replacing the central pixel $X_0(n)$ with a new pixel $X'_0(n)$ [by the following Expression] as follows:

$$X'_0(m) = \frac{\sum_{l=0}^{m(n)-1} W_l P_l(n)}{\sum_{l=0}^{m(n)-1} W_l}$$

where $p_i(n)$ are [the] pixels constituting the peer group and W_i are predetermined weights corresponding to $p_i(n)$.

33. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 29, [after the step (b-5),] further comprising, after step (b-5), the steps of:

selecting i pixels ranging from [the] a pixel having [the] a minimum color distance among the pixels sorted according to the color distance from the central pixel and setting [the] a largest value of the color distances of the selected pixels as [the] a maximum color distance within the peer group; and

performing color quantization by weighting [the] color vectors of [the] respective pixels by $\exp(-T(n))$, wherein $T(n)$ is the maximum color distance within the peer group.

34. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 29, [after the step (b-5),] further comprising, after step (b-5), the steps of:

selecting i pixels ranging from [the] a pixel having [the] a minimum color distance among the pixels sorted according to the color distance from the central pixel and setting [the] a largest value of the color distances of the selected pixels as [the] a maximum color distance within the peer group; and

obtaining [the] an average of $T(n)$ values of [the] a whole image and performing color quantization using a value obtained by multiplying the average value of $T(n)$ with a predetermined constant to determine a [as the] number of clusters.

35. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim [23] 21, [after the step (b-5),] further comprising, after step (b-5), the steps of:

selecting pixels whose number corresponds to the size of the peer group, ranging from [the] a pixel having [the] a minimum color distance among the pixels sorted according to the

color distance from the central pixel and setting [the] a largest value of the color distances of the selected pixels as [the] a maximum color distance within the peer group; and

weighting [the] color vectors of the respective pixels by $\exp(-T(n))$, wherein $T(n)$ is the maximum color distance within the peer group, and performing color quantization using a value obtained by multiplying [the] an average of the $T(n)$ values of [the] a whole image with a predetermined constant to determine a [as the] number of clusters.

36. (Amended) The color image processing method according to claim 32, [after the step (b-5),] further comprising, after step (b-5), the steps of:

selecting i pixels ranging from [the] a pixel having [the] a minimum color distance among the pixels sorted according to the color distance from the central pixel and setting [the] a largest value of the color distances of the selected pixels as [the] a maximum color distance within the peer group; and

obtaining [the] an average of $T(n)$ values of [the] a whole image and performing color quantization using a value obtained by multiplying the average value of $T(n)$ with a predetermined constant to determine a [as the] number of clusters.

38. (Amended) A color image processing method comprising the steps of:

(a) defining a window having a predetermined size within an input color image;

(b) selecting pixels having a color vector similar to that of [the] a central pixel within the window and defining the selected pixels as a group; and

(c) performing filtering of blurring using only the pixels within the defined group.

39. (Amended) A computer readable medium having program codes executable by a computer to perform a color image processing method, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) defining a window having a predetermined size within an input color image;

(b) sorting image pixels according to [the] a color distance between the image pixels and a central pixel;

(c) grouping the sorted pixels into groups in which [the] a difference in [the] an intragroup color distance is minimum and [the] a difference in [the] an intergroup color difference is maximum; and

(d) performing filtering by replacing a central pixel value with a predetermined pixel value determined by pixel values of pixels in the groups.

40. The computer readable medium according to claim 39, wherein before the step (c), the color image processing method further comprises the step of removing pixels having a color distance difference [in the color distance from the central pixel] greater than or equal to a predetermined threshold, [with respect to] for a predetermined number of pixels at [the] a beginning and latter parts [among] of the sorted pixels.

41. (Amended) The computer readable medium according to claim 39, wherein the color image processing method further comprises the steps of:

selecting i pixels ranging from [the] a pixel having the minimum color distance among the pixels sorted according to the color distance from the central pixel and setting [the] a largest value of the color distances of the selected pixels as [the] a maximum color distance within the selected group; and

performing color quantization by weighting [the] color vectors of the respective pixels $\exp(-T(n))$, wherein $T(n)$ is the maximum color distance within the peer group.

42. (Amended) The computer readable medium according to claim 39, wherein the color image processing method further comprises the steps of:

selecting i pixels ranging from [the] a pixel having [the] a minimum color distance among the pixels sorted according to the color distance from the central pixel and setting [the] a

largest value of the color distances of the selected pixels as the maximum color distance within the selected group; and

obtaining [the] an average of $T(n)$ values of [the] a whole image and performing color quantization using a value obtained by multiplying the average value of $T(n)$ with a predetermined constant to determine a [as the] number of clusters.

43. (Amended) The computer readable medium according to claim 39, wherein the color image processing method further comprises the steps of:

Ag selecting pixels whose number corresponds to [the] a size of [the] a peer group, ranging from [the] a pixel having [the] a minimum color distance among the pixels sorted according to the color distance from the central pixel and setting [the] a largest value of the color distances of the selected pixels as [the] a maximum color distance within the selected group; and

weighting [the] color vectors of the respective pixels by $\exp(-T(n))$, wherein $T(n)$ is the maximum color distance within the selected group, and performing color quantization using a value obtained by multiplying [the] an average of the $T(n)$ values of [the] a whole image with a predetermined constant to determine a [as the] number of clusters.

44. (Amended) The computer readable medium according to claim 39, wherein the color image processing method further comprises the step of receiving a color image frame and segmenting the same into a plurality of color images by a predetermined segmentation method, wherein the color image is an image selected from [the] a plurality of color images.

45. (Amended) A color image processing apparatus comprising:

sorting means for setting a window of a predetermined size within an input color image and sorting image pixels in the window according to [the] a color distance between the image pixels and a central pixel;

grouping means for grouping the sorted pixels into groups in which [the] a difference in [the] an intragroup color distance is minimum and [the] a difference in [the] an intergroup color difference is maximum; and

filtering means for performing filtering by replacing a central pixel value with a predetermined pixel value determined by pixel values of pixels in the groups.

46. (Amended) The color image processing apparatus according to claim 45, further comprising quantizing means for performing color quantization by weighting [the] color vectors of the respective pixels by $\exp(-T(n))$, wherein $T(n)$ is [the] a maximum color distance within a group having [the] a smallest difference in the color vector from the central pixel within the window.

Ad 47. (Amended) The color image processing apparatus according to claim 45, further comprising quantizing means for obtaining [the] an average of $T(n)$ values of [the] a whole image and performing color quantization using a value obtained by multiplying the average value of $T(n)$ with a predetermined constant to determine a [as the] number of clusters, wherein $T(n)$ is [the] a maximum color distance within a group having [the] a smallest difference in [the] a color vector from the central pixel within the window.

48. (Amended) The color image processing apparatus according to claim 45, further comprising quantizing means for weighting [the] color vectors of the respective pixels by $\exp(-T(n))$, and performing color quantization using a value obtained by multiplying the average of $T(n)$ values of [the] a whole image with a predetermined constant to determine a [as the] number of clusters, wherein $T(n)$ is [the] a maximum color distance within a group having [the] a smallest difference in the color vector from the central pixel within the window.

49. The color image processing apparatus according to claim 45, further comprising impulse noise removing means for removing pixels having a color distance difference [in the